



- COMPLIANT TO ASTM D5731-16
- INCREASED LOAD CAPACITY AND PRODUCTIVITY
- DURABLE AND STABLE
- PROTECTIVE ENCLOSURE

The PIL-10 is a portable point load tester used for determining the point load strength index for rock strength classification. Keeping all the qualities of our former PIL-7 tester, the PIL-10 offers increased strength, productivity, reliability and ease of use. Its durable stainless steel construction can handle hard cores up to PQ size.

### Description

The PIL-10 point load tester consists of a loading frame, a hydraulic cylinder, a pump and a pressure gauge for maximum load reading. An upper conical platen is fixed on the frame and a lower one on the cylinder piston. A graduated scale is fixed on the frame and indicates the specimen diameter.

A quick disconnect coupling make it easy to disassemble the pump from the main frame for ease of transportation. A removable protective cover work jointly with a fix tray to create an enclosure that keeps the rock fragments and debris contained for a safe and clean work environment.

### Test Procedure

Three point load test configurations are used depending on the available rock specimens:

#### Diametrical – Axial – Irregular lump

The diametrical and axial tests use core specimens with length/diameter (L/D) ratios greater than 1.0 in the first case, and between 0.3 and 1.0 in the second case. Rock pieces of suitable irregular shapes are used when cores are not available.

The testing steps are the same for all configurations:

- 1) The specimen is positioned between the conical platens. The platens are then closed to make contact.
- 2) The distance "De" between the points of contact is read on the scale.
- 3) The load is increased such that failure occurs within 10 to 60 sec. and the failure load "P" is read and recorded.

### Key Features

- Load capacity up to 100 kN
- American made pressure gauge with peak load indicator
- Selectable force unit display in kN
- High quality hydraulic components
- Stainless steel construction
- Extreme rigidity and stability
- Hardened stainless steel ball set into platen point to provide a true 5-mm steel radius
- Ease of transportation
- Rock fragment containment enclosure

### Applications

- Determination of the Point Load strength index for rock strength classification
- Determination of rock anisotropy
- Prediction of other rock strength properties such as uniaxial tensile and compressive strengths

### General specifications

Maximum specimen size	102 mm
Maximum load	100 kN
Scale minor division	1 mm and 1/32"
<b>Pressure gauge</b>	
Range	100 000 kPa
Accuracy	±0.25% F.S.
Available units	kN*, bar, MPa, psi
<b>Load measurement accuracy</b>	1 kN

\* Based on conversion factor determined at calibration

### Main frame assembly

Height	48 cm
Length	27 cm
Depth	20 cm
Weight	18.3 kg

### Pump assembly

Height	20 cm
Length	49 cm
Depth	13 cm
Weight	4.5 kg

### Interpretation

The Point Load Tester allows the user to determine an "Uncorrected Point Load Strength Index" ( $I_s$ ). This index must be corrected to a standard equivalent diameter ( $D_e$ ) of 50 mm. It then becomes a unique property of the rock tested ( $I_{s(50)}$ ) which is most useful in rock strength classification.

Rock anisotropy is quantified by the "Strength Anisotropy Index"  $I_{a(50)}$ . This index is the ratio of the greatest to least  $I_{s(50)}$  index measured respectively perpendicular and parallel to the existing planes of weakness.

The uniaxial tensile (UTS) and compressive (UCS) strengths can be approximated from the  $I_{s(50)}$  index. The UTS is about 1.25 times  $I_{s(50)}$  and the UCS is normally between 20 and 25 times the  $I_{s(50)}$  index.

$I_s$  is obtained from the following equation:

$$I_s = P / D_e^2$$

where:

$I_s$ : Uncorrected Point Load Strength Index, in MPa or psi

P: Failure load, in MN or lbf

$D_e$ : Equivalent core diameter, in meters or inches ( $D_e = D$  for diametral tests)

The ISRM\* "Suggested Method for Determining Point Load Strength" size correction procedure is used.  $I_{s(50)}$  is obtained either graphically, mathematically or by testing 50 mm (maximum diameter) specimens.

\*ISRM: International Society of Rock Mechanics.

### Ordering Information

- The unit comes in a custom made road case

### Optional Accessories

- Set of spare conical platens
- Spare pressure gauge
- Set of spare protective shields
- Set of optional spherical seats
- Set of optional flat platens
- Optional low pressure gauge (30 000 kPa)
- Calibration Kit